

KING AND AUNT
IN ROW OVER BOOK

Infanta Eulalia Refuses to Suspend the Publication of Her Literary Effort.

PRINCESS TO QUIT SPAIN

Says Attempt to Suppress Treatise on Morality Is Worthy of Inquisition, in Her Reply to Alfonso's Request.

Paris, Dec. 3.—The "Temps" prints the particulars of a right royal row between King Alfonso of Spain and his aunt, Infanta Eulalia, a princess with bold and unconventional views. The Infanta, who lives in Paris, to-day received the following telegram from King Alfonso, dated from the palace at Madrid, December 2:

"I am astonished to learn from the newspapers that you have published a book under the name of Countess Avila. I suppose this will cause a great sensation. I order you to suspend publication until I have taken cognizance of the contents and give my permission to publish."

To this telegram Infanta Eulalia replied as follows:

"I am greatly astonished that my book should be judged without being read. It is a thing that could only happen in Spain. Never having a liking for court life, from which I have always held myself aloof, I take this opportunity to send you my adieu, for, after this proceeding, which is worthy of the Inquisition, I consider myself, so far as my private life is concerned, free to act as I deem fit."

In communicating the telegram to the "Temps," the Infanta declared vehemently that after the treatment of her son, who had shown great patriotic devotion in fighting in Morocco without the slightest recognition, this was the last straw, and she had given orders for the sale of all her estates in Spain and would henceforth live in the strictest privacy. "I shall be much happier so," said the princess, "for I can keep my personality."

While the book, to which King Alfonso takes exception and which bears the title "The Thread of Life," has the name of Countess Avila on the title page, the preface, in which the author takes the responsibility for the views expressed, is signed Eulalia, Infanta of Spain. The work is written in French. It is a sort of discursive independent treatise on morality. The chapter headings include such subjects as, "The Principal Causes of Happiness," "The Development of 'Will Power,'" "Complete Independence of Women," for the princess is a radical feminist, and "Equality of Classes by Education, Religion and Marriage."

The royal moralist makes a determined onslaught on the traditionalists. She is in favor of divorce, but thinks that it should be "a law based on justice, not, as often happens, on tacit agreement covering lust." The princess holds that woman in principle is the equal of man, and insists that she should become the useful collaborator, without ceasing to be the generous companion of man, in the joys and labors of life.

The Infanta Eulalia visited this country in May, 1910, on the occasion of the World's Fair in Chicago. She was the guest of the nation, representing the Queen Regent of Spain in the Columbus celebration. In this city a ball was given in her honor in the Madison Square Assembly Rooms. In Washington and Chicago she received marked attentions. The Duke of Veragua and his suite accompanied the Infanta's party.

The Infanta is the youngest daughter of ex-Queen Isabella of Spain, and was born in Madrid on February 12, 1864. She was the favorite sister of the late King. She was married in 1886 to her cousin, Antoine Louis Philippe Marie, prince of Bourbon-Orleans, son of the Duc de Montpensier. He is two years her junior and accompanied the Infanta to this country in 1903. Two sons were born of this union. Infanta Eulalia separated from Prince Antoine in 1909. The terms of the separation were in every way advantageous to her.

NEW LINER'S DIMENSIONS

White Star Keeps Secret, but Some Facts Are Known.

London, Dec. 4.—Despite the fact that the keel of the new mammoth White Star liner was laid at Belfast on Saturday the company remains as secretive about the vessel's dimensions as the Admiralty is with regard to the latest super-Dreadnought.

Preparations at the shipyard, however, confirm the prediction that the liner will be about 992 feet long and 94 feet broad. Equally important is the statement made by an excellent authority that she will be a very fast vessel, rivaling in that respect the Cunarders Lusitania and Mauretania.

The passenger accommodation on the new vessel will be planned on novel lines, the experience gained since the Olympic took up service having shown that the demand of wealthy passengers for expensive suites of rooms was no mere passing whim.

PRAY FOR JUDGE'S DEFEAT

Women in Supplication Against Return of Liquor to Georgia.

Cartersville, Ga., Dec. 3.—While Judge Richard B. Russell, of the Court of Appeals, candidate for Governor of Georgia on the local option platform, was speaking here, four hundred women gathered around the street in the First Baptist Church to pray that God bring about the Judge's defeat.

As the candidate explained his position on the liquor question and told the men of Cartersville that he was in favor of the return of liquor to the state, the women prayed that prohibition remain in force in Georgia and that one of his opponents win at the election on Thursday.

\$15,000 in Prizes

The New-York Tribune's Great Bookreaders' Pictorial Contest begins To-day. First official pictures, rules governing the Contest and complete list of prizes Page 5 To-day's Tribune



THE INFANTA EULALIA Who defies her royal nephew, King Alfonso, and declares she will sell her property and leave Spain forever rather than suppress the publication of her book.

M'KAY STOPS RUNAWAY

Fifth Avenue Crowd Sees Deputy Police Commissioner's Act.

Attired in a frock coat and top hat, Douglas I. McKay, First Deputy Police Commissioner, dashed from the Sunday crowd parading Fifth avenue at 45th street yesterday afternoon and flung himself at the head of one of a runaway team of horses. Although he was dragged for many yards, Mr. McKay retained his grip on the bridle, finally throwing the animal. After stopping the runaway, the Commissioner resumed his promenade with some friends.

An automobile owned by Charles E. Whitney, of No. 417 Park avenue, and driven by Walter Gallagher, of No. 33 West 65th street, attempted to turn into Fifth avenue from 45th street. The wheels skidded and the car crashed into the side of the carriage, scaring the horses.

Colonel Gray Luluski and his wife, who live at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel, were in the carriage, which was driven by Charles Hearn, of No. 33 East 38th street.

FARRAR HOME BROKEN UP

Deposed Chaplain's Wife Gives Away Household Goods.

London, Dec. 3.—Mrs. Frederick Percival Farrar, wife of the Rev. Frederick Percival Farrar, returned to Sandringham a few days ago and gave away all her household goods.

Her husband, whose appointments as domestic chaplain to King George and the Queen Mother Alexandra were cancelled recently, has not been heard from, but is believed to have gone to France and will proceed to America. Mrs. Farrar has again left Sandringham, but her plans for the future are not known.

Mrs. Farrar was Miss Nora Davis, of Philadelphia, and the sister of Richard Harding Davis, who was called to London by a cable message from his sister.

DEEP SILENCE BY GOMPERS

Hints Only That He May Issue Statement from Washington.

Samuel Gompers had become less loquacious yesterday by the time the newspaper men got to him. In fact, he was not loquacious at all, except in a negative way. "I have nothing to say," he said in answer to a request for new thoughts on the McNamara case. And again, "I have nothing to say," when he was asked what he thought of the charges made in various quarters that he was morally as guilty as the McNamaras. "I probably shall have a formal statement to make on my attitude and the attitude of my organization after I have returned to my headquarters in Washington."

Mr. Gompers was asked if he approved of the proposal to turn the American Federation of Labor fund of \$100,000, collected for the defence of the McNamaras, over to the widows and orphans of "The Times" disaster, but this met with the answer which he made to so many questions—"I have nothing to say."

Gompers was told that the demand among labor leaders for the full penalty for the McNamaras seemed to be spreading. "Will you oppose clemency?" was asked.

"We will let the court sentence the men. I will not talk," he replied.

Mr. Gompers left the Victoria Hotel last night, and shortly before 10 o'clock telephoned the night clerk, inquiring whether any telegrams or communications had been received for him. The hotel clerk refused to state to press representatives what was over Mr. Gompers received. He said, however, that Mr. Gompers intends to return to the hotel this morning. Efforts to learn his whereabouts last night were ineffectual.

PLEASE POSTPONE ALL DEATHS.

James E. Hewes, clerk to the New Rochelle Board of Health, to-day sent out appeals to all the physicians in New Rochelle requesting them to keep their dying patients alive until the first of the new year, so as to keep the death rate down. Last year New Rochelle had 238 deaths, which gave a rate of 11.8 a thousand. The record up to December 1 reached 311.

GOVERNORS REACH ROCHESTER.

Rochester, Dec. 3.—The Western Governors' special arrived in this city at 8:18 o'clock to-night.

GOMPERS KNEW OF
CRIME, SAYS BURNS

Asserts Organized Labor Leader Was Long Aware of the McNamaras' Guilt in the Dynamite Cases.

EVEN AS FUND WAS RAISED

U. S. Attorney in Indianapolis to Prosecute Illegal Carrying of Explosives, and Erectors' Association Will Aid in Solving Outrages.

Indianapolis, Dec. 3.—"Mr. Gompers knew all the time that the McNamaras were guilty," was the statement made to-day by W. J. Burns, the detective who caused the arrest of the McNamara brothers, who on Friday last pleaded guilty in Los Angeles. Burns conferred here to-day with the United States Attorney, Charles W. Miller, and John Kirby, Jr., of Dayton, Ohio, president of the National Association of Manufacturers, at the home of David M. Parry, a former president of that organization. Mr. Burns said:

When Mr. Gompers says he was surprised and that the McNamaras had deceived him in declaring their innocence he tells what is not true. Mr. Gompers knew the McNamaras were guilty, and has known it all along. He knew it at the time he and the heads of the international unions conferred in Indianapolis on the question of raising funds for the defence of the prisoners. Some of the other union men knew of their guilt, too.

Clarence Darrow told the labor men at that meeting in Indianapolis that he did not believe I framed up this case.

In his conference to-day with United States Attorney Charles W. Miller Mr. Burns discussed the evidence to be presented to the federal grand jury when it resumes its session on December 14. Neither would make a public statement in relation to the details of their consultation.

No Favor for Any One.

"We shall not rest until we have brought to justice all those connected with the dynamiting outrages throughout the country," said Mr. Burns. "I am no respecter of persons, and whether the men associated with the McNamaras are 'higher up' or 'lower down' they will be prosecuted."

"Any exposure that may be made will come through indictments, if indictments are returned, for violation of the federal statute regulating interstate transportation of explosives," said Mr. Miller in talking in a general way of the grand jury's work.

In several different directions, he said, information was being prepared for the grand jury tending to show that the McNamaras, Orlie McManigal, "and others" had violated the federal statute.

Along this line, Mr. Burns conferred to-day with J. Kirby, Jr., president of the National Association of Manufacturers, and D. M. Parry, a former president of the organization, which is interested in the National Erectors' Association, it is announced, in a crusade against alleged depredations aimed at employers that maintain the "open shop" principle.

Many Under Surveillance.

The National Erectors' Association is represented by J. A. G. Badoff, assistant to Walter Drew, executive officer of the association. Mr. Badoff arrived to-day. Several detectives in the employ of the association have been in the city for weeks and are said to be watching the movements of persons presumed to have been concerned with John J. McNamara's affairs during the years he was in this city as secretary of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, whose books and correspondence are in the hands of the federal grand jury. Mr. Badoff said:

The fact that two men are to be punished for dynamiting is not the most important feature of this investigation. The members of the National Erectors' Association are interested chiefly in exposing and bringing to justice the persons responsible for the hundreds of explosions, destructive of bridge and structural iron work, since August, 1905, in many states, from Massachusetts to the Pacific Coast.

The property destroyed was that of companies employing non-union iron workers. The cost of this campaign of terrorism was enormous, and it was systematically carried out to result in every way in uncovering the plans for these explosions, and in securing the aid of every assistance to the federal authorities, and we have every assurance that the investigation will be most thorough.

No information was obtainable here to-night of the whereabouts of Frank M. Ryan, president of the Association of Iron Workers. The acting secretary, H. S. Hockin, said he was advised that Mr. Ryan would arrive in this city to-night from Atlanta, Ga., where he was yesterday. He had heard nothing from him to-day, he said.

He added that no meeting of the executive board of the Iron Workers' association would be called to take action in relation to the McNamara brothers until Mr. Ryan's return to the headquarters here.

"Do you continue to affirm that you personally do not believe that the executive board should repudiate John J. McNamara as secretary-treasurer of the organization?" Mr. Hockin was asked.

"I have been quoted to that effect," he answered, "but now I refuse even to say whether or not I was quoted correctly. The executive board will determine our policy."

From Indianapolis Mr. Burns said he was going to Cleveland, and thence to New York, and that he probably would be back in Indianapolis later this week, but he was not sure. He said he expected to go to the Pacific Coast in a short time, all of his travels being in connection with the McNamara case.

HUNTED FOX DROWNS ITSELF.

Newton, N. J., Dec. 3.—A silver fox driven to bay by a pack of dogs this afternoon was drowned when it leaped into a slate quarry hole 20 feet deep, nearly half a mile long. The fox was caused by the dogs to a place near the estate of Dr. Whitefield Gray.

A QUESTION OF TRUTHFULNESS AS TO THE McNAMARAS.

SAMUEL GOMPERS.

Who says the brothers deceived him and protested their innocence.

WILLIAM J. BURNS.

Who declares Gompers was aware of the guilt of the McNamaras.

PERSIANS ASK AMERICA
TO SEE FAIR PLAY

U. S. Legation Marched Upon by 10,000 men Demanding "Death or Independence."

COSSACKS REACH TEHERAN

Small Party Arrives in Capital to Protect Russian Minister—Native Militia Disarmed by Invaders.

Teheran, Dec. 3.—Ten thousand persons carrying banners with the inscription "Death or Independence" marched to the American Legation to-day and appealed to the American Minister to urge the government to support the American principles of fair play and love of justice.

The Cabinet has resigned. A small body of Cossacks has arrived here to protect the Russian Legation. Two hundred Cossacks have reached Kasbin.

The Russian troops at Rasht have disarmed the local Persian militia and occupied the telegraph office. They are acting as though war had been declared. Two thousand additional Russian troops have arrived thirty miles south of Rasht.

The English community here is aroused against Sir Edward Grey, the British Foreign Secretary, and thinks that Mr. Shuster, the Treasurer General of Persia, outplayed him by revoking the appointments of Englishmen to which Sir Edward objected. The British correspondents here are making it very plain in their dispatches that they believe the British Foreign Minister is running the mischief of his own countrymen, adding that it might be regarded as "laughable if it were not tragic."

SHUSTER'S PERSIAN RECORD

How Lone American and Great Empire Came Into Collision.

Mr. Morgan Shuster has been called an adventurer. He is no diplomat, say certain European statesmen. He was getting Persia on such a solid foundation, say his friends, that Russia saw his chances of controlling that country slipping away from her.

At one time, this young American—he is only thirty-four years old—is the man President Taft and Secretary Knox picked out to assist in every way in uncovering the plans for these explosions, and in securing the aid of every assistance to the federal authorities, and we have every assurance that the investigation will be most thorough.

But Persia likes Mr. Shuster and his methods as thoroughly as Russia dislikes them. Persians—the rank and file of them—without the least difference of opinion, justify the important reforms proposed by their young Treasurer General. Especially do they appreciate his endeavors in curtailing the various unnecessary expenses, which have always been characteristic of the government of the Shah.

According to numerous expressions of Persian opinion Mr. Shuster had begun radically to reform the finances of the empire, and that, too, without incurring extra expenses. His programme in regard to the collection of taxes and dues is applauded because it is increasing the revenues of the country and because every one without distinction of class is compelled to pay his taxes. Another important point in his programme that has won wide praise is that all government departments are compelled to present a detailed account of their expenditures.

Furthermore, they appreciate his unflinching courtesy, accompanied by unswerving firmness. Mr. Shuster was appointed to his Persian post last February. "Direct and effective control of all the financial and fiscal operations of the Persian government, including the collection of all receipts of every description, and control of all government expenditures," was entrusted to him. When he took four other young Americans, also recommended by President Taft, they were F. S. Cairns, who was made Director of Taxation; Charles I. McKeskey, Inspector of Provincial Revenue; Ralph W. Hills, Chief of the Accounting and Auditing Systems; and Bruce C. Dickey, Inspector of Taxes.

The breadth of his powers soon brought him into conflict with Russia and Great Britain, the two powers whose interests predominate in Persia. These two nations had already tentatively partitioned what they had long considered a state sick unto death. England had taken a "sphere of influence" in Persia.

Continued on third page.

BIG FIRE IN JERSEY CITY

United States Express Stables Ablaze—300 Horses Lost.

Fire in the United States Express Company's stables, at 8th and Henderson streets, Jersey City, early this morning destroyed the building and caused the death of some three hundred horses. It is reported that several men also lost their lives in the fire.

There were some four hundred horses in the stable, and it is estimated that three hundred of them were burned or suffocated.

A large number of express wagons, both loaded and empty, were destroyed. The first alarm was sounded at 2 o'clock. At 3 o'clock the walls of the building fell.

Immense crowds filled the streets interfering with the work of rescuing the horses.

R. R. WORKERS TO GO ARMED

British Trade Unionists Protest Against Volunteer Police.

London, Dec. 4.—At a meeting of railway men at Bradford yesterday a proposal to arm workers was received with enthusiasm.

A resolution was passed condemning the formation of the volunteer police force and calling for the immediate formation of a Trade Union Physical Protection League.

GUN KILLS HIS BOY, AGE 10

Father, Trying to Wrest It from Son, Shoots Him Dead.

Northford, Conn., Dec. 3.—Peter Perrie, Jr., ten years old, was shot through the body and died almost instantly after a struggle with his father for the possession of the family shotgun. The lad had been anxious since he was able to hold a gun to be allowed to go hunting.

His father had forbidden him to use one, but he took advantage of his parents' absence from home to-day and lifted the shotgun from its rack, starting on an expedition to kill a gray squirrel he had sighted. His father saw him climbing a fence, chased and overtook him. The boy refused to surrender the firearm and in the struggle that followed was shot dead, a bullet piercing his heart.

AERIAL CRUISER PLANNED

Giant German Dirigible to Carry 300 Persons at High Speed.

Colonie, Dec. 3.—The military authorities are planning to build an aerial cruiser with a carrying power of three hundred persons and a speed of fifty miles an hour.

The plan is the outcome of the aerial manoeuvres just ended, which were unusually satisfactory.

It was announced in April last that Herr Gerner was engaged on plans for a giant dirigible capable of carrying 150 persons across the Atlantic and 50 persons on shorter journeys.

The British naval airship which came to grief last summer at Barrow-in-Furness had a crew of nine. Its balloons contained more than 200,000 cubic metres of hydrogen, the 60-horsepower motor providing a speed of forty miles an hour. The Zeppelin airships have a gas capacity of more than 1,000,000 cubic metres.

JOHN WANAMAKER HONORED

President of France Makes Him an Officer of Legion of Honor.

Philadelphia, Dec. 3.—Through the French Embassy at Washington to-day it became known that the President of the French republic had issued a decree naming John Wanamaker, of Philadelphia, an officer of the Legion of Honor, in recognition of his notable services and benefactions at the time of the great flood in Paris last year.

Mr. Wanamaker at that time made large donations of food and clothing to relieve the distress of the people of Paris, thousands of whom were rendered destitute. The honor conferred on him by naming him an officer of the Legion of Honor is nearly the highest that could be accorded a foreigner by the French republic.

GIGANTIC PLOT IS
BEING TRACED IN
UNION LABOR CASE

Government and California Authorities Co-operating to Arrest Conspirators.

MANY ARRESTS PROBABLE

McNamara Confessions No Bar to More Extensive Prosecutions, Says Assistant District Attorney of Los Angeles.

NEW GRAND JURY TO MEET

Schmidt and Kaplan May Soon Be in Custody, Mr. Ford Says, but Others Sought May Be Tried by United States Courts in Other States Under Federal Indictments Based on Explosives Law.

Los Angeles, Dec. 3.—"The United States government and California authorities are co-operating to uncover one of the most gigantic conspiracies ever conceived in the history of this country."

This was the assertion to-day of Assistant District Attorney W. Joseph Ford, second in command to District Attorney John D. Fredericks, and the man who was arrested in Indianapolis for the alleged illegal extradition of John J. McNamara.

"It is only a question now of whether the federal government or the state authorities can reach certain persons and bring them to justice more effectively," said Mr. Ford.

The Assistant District Attorney has been in charge of the gathering of evidence for the prosecution, and while his chief, District Attorney Fredericks, was resting on a ranch near here to-day, Mr. Ford occupied himself with the details of the McNamara case. He admitted that the prosecution had under surveillance in other parts of the country prominent union labor leaders alleged to have been involved in "The Times" explosion, but he said that arrests must first be made by the federal government in connection with its investigation.

"The federal government has shown every disposition to assist us, and we are helping its representatives as much as possible," he said.

The vigor with which the federal government is pressing its investigation into the conspiracy, which is alleged to extend over the entire country, has been increased within the last fortnight, according to well informed persons here. In proof of this it is observed that United States Attorney A. I. McCormick now is in Washington, and United States District Attorney Miller, of Indianapolis, and District Attorney Fredericks are in close communication.

Will Give Every Aid to United States.

Evidence desired by the federal grand jury in Indianapolis from this place will go forward as quickly as it is asked for, Mr. Ford said to-day. This question has been raised repeatedly, and local authorities have not stated their position until to-day. The ramifications of the matter are said to be so extensive that it would cause no surprise here if the subject had been brought to the attention not only of President Taft, but of Attorney General Wickersham.

To give the prosecution here more help in its campaign, a grand jury will be empaneled within a week to act immediately on the return of Judge George H. Hutton, presiding magistrate of the Superior courts of Los Angeles County, who is now in Chicago.

John A. Schmidt and David Kaplan, jointly indicted with the McNamaras for "The Times" disaster, have not been captured, but the state, it is believed, has a good clew to their whereabouts and they may be apprehended in a fortnight. But others, said to have had much to do with the direction of the destruction of "The Los Angeles Times" and with other explosions, are reported to be implicated by information in the hands of the state authorities, and the federal government may be the first to bring those men to trial.

Confessions Separate Details.

Assistant District Attorney Ford denied that the state had entered into any agreement by which other prosecutions were to be circumscribed by the confession of the McNamaras.

"The confession concerns the future of two persons—James B. and John J. McNamara. There has been no agreement not to prosecute others, nor is there any other consideration involved," he asserted. "The McNamaras agreed to plead guilty and take their chances on the sentence. It is absurd even to think that we could make a promise as to their sentence. That is a matter for the court to determine."

Judge Walter Bordwell, it was pointed out to-day, has not been in communication with the District Attorney's office at any time concerning the pleas of guilty, and has not discussed the matter with anybody. Hitherto he has not presided in any important criminal cases, but as one member of the state's counsel put it, he "has a good deal of the milk of human kindness."

Probable Sentences for Men.

The judge, it is believed, will sentence James B. to life imprisonment, and John J. it is said, will get twenty years. Under the parole laws this would mean that John J. might be released from custody in a few years.

More light was thrown to-day on why John J. McNamara pleaded guilty to the charge of dynamiting the Llewellyn